

The Wetaskiwin Times

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WETASKIWIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1925

V. C. French, Publisher

WETASKIWIN WINS TWO GAMES IN BIG FIVE LEAGUE

Got Sweet Revenge by Defeating Ponoka in Overtime Play. Takes Leduc into Camp Here and Defeat Them in Close Game in Northern Town on Tuesday of This Week.

On New Year's Day the Wetaskiwin boys got sweet revenge for the defeat inflicted them by the Ponoka team on Xmas Day. No one conceded them a chance against Ponoka following the class that Ponoka showed here on the 25th. Nevertheless, with grim determination and a resolve to do or die, they took the 1:18 to Ponoka and played the game of their lives, completely outclassing the Ponoka sextette, and packing in points in their grips as the result of a ten minute overtime game.

Although they won from Ponoka only as a result of overtime work, the game was much more Wetaskiwin's than the score would indicate. Time after time the local forwards were on the Ponoka goalie, only to be frustrated in their attempts by uncanny work on his part, or by some miraculous happening.

Wetaskiwin showed some nice team work while Ponoka endeavored to keep the most part to score on individual plays.

The lineup was: Wetaskiwin—J. Mullen, Garlough, Ryan, Walker, Gilling, Dingle, Marker, Rubbra, R. Mullen.

Ponoka—J. Stevens, Strachan, H. Stevens, Seyres, Longman, Hayes, James, Welose.

On Saturday night the local hockey team took the neighboring Leduc sextette into camp to the tune of 5-1. Although the score was quite one-sided, it was no criterion of the play, as the game was evenly contested all the way through. Almost every player on the Wetaskiwin team except the goal keeper had a hand in the scoring.

Wetaskiwin scored twice in the first period, added two more in the second, and brought their total up to eight in the final period. Leduc got their lone center in the final period when McGregor scored from close in unassisted.

Wetaskiwin showed much better team play throughout this game than formerly, although many of their goals came from individual plays, yet these played had their beginning in combined work. Some of their passing was nice to watch and we can assure the boys that if they keep up the combination and steadily show improvement they will be somewhere near the top when the Dryden Shield is dished out to the winner of the play-off.

It would be quite difficult to pick stars from the local team, as all the players worked well and gave of their best. To Gilling and Ryan, however, fell most of the scoring, each getting two goals. For Gilling and Ryan stood out as their speediest and most effective players.

Return Game at Leduc
On Tuesday night the wielders of Lally's curved inventions, in company with a few but strong and lusty supporters, journeyed over to Leduc to show the hockey enthusiasts of that town how the most popular Canadian national winter game should be played. That they didn't perform this object quite as fully as they expected one might judge from the final score which read, Leduc 3, Wetaskiwin 4.

The game was anything but fast, and for the first two periods was largely in favor of Leduc, although at the end of that time each team had made three tallies. In the final period Wetaskiwin appeared to have found their legs and were more at home, unscoring some clever work with the result that after about eight minutes' play they secured what proved to be the winning goal. Leduc

WETASKIWIN 'SPEL' FIRST WEEK IN FEB.

The annual Banquet of the Wetaskiwin Curling Club will commence on Tuesday, February 17. There will be four big events and consolation. It is expected that the 'spel' this year will be the best ever held in Wetaskiwin.

REGULAR MEETING OF KIWANIS CLUB

There was a large attendance of Kiwanians at the weekly luncheon on Tuesday evening to welcome the newly elected president, H. R. French. In his inaugural address he appealed to all members to take a more active part in the furthering of Kiwanis. The organization had made good in Wetaskiwin, and still greater things could be accomplished during the present year. He then referred to the commencement of the Kiwanis Club in Wetaskiwin ten years ago, but today there are more than 100,000 members and over 1250 clubs.

The motto of Kiwanis is "We Build." We are building something more substantial than with brick and stone. We are building Friendship. We are individually willing to do a kind turn, and when our entire club membership is joined together it means force.

This year we should strive to get better acquainted with the farming community and get to know the farmers better. They are not antagonistic to the town, and we should get to know them better. Everything points to a big year in 1925, and President French urged every member to make every one of the 365 days count for something.

The retiring president, C. H. Russell, was presented with a past president's button, by Kiwanian French in a humorous speech, and Kiwanian Russell made a suitable reply.

ALBERTA MINIMUM WAGE ACT EFFECTIVE

Alberta's minimum wage regulations will again become legally effective, coincident with the date of the next issue of the Alberta Gazette—January 1, 1925. The regulations have been re-written, eliminating certain irregularities which resulted in their being declared invalid by the judges of the appeal court in a recent decision in Calgary, and will therefore again become operative at the beginning of the year.

No change is made in the scope or effect of the regulations, the only revision being the inclusion in the regulations of the municipalities specified in the Minimum Wage Act, namely, Calgary, Edmonton, Lethbridge, Medicine Hat, Wetaskiwin, Blainmore, Camrose, Cardston, Coleman, Drumheller and Redcliff.

Because of certain opinions expressed by the appeal court in their recent decision, as to the poor construction of the act, it is understood that Dr. Walter S. Scott, adviser to the Alberta legislative assembly, is at present re-drafting the provincial minimum wage regulation, and that a new act, rescinding the now in effect, is to be brought up at the next session of the legislature.

OFFICERS OF O.E.S. WERE INSTALLED

At a special meeting of Victory Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, on Friday evening last, the following officers were duly installed by Sister Vaughn in a very capable manner. The new officers are:

W.M.—Sister Fraser.
W.P.—Bro. D. Ross.
A.M.—Sister Whisman.
Sec.—Sister Wallace.
Treas.—Sister Githard.
Con.—Sister Winona French.
Asst. Con.—Sister Newville.
Chap.—Sister Paton.
Marshall—Sister Morris.
Organist—Sister Ross.
Aid—Sister Githard.
Ruth—Sister Nagge.
Esther—Sister Moore.
Martha—Sister Chibby.
Electa—Sister MacKachern.
Ward—Sister Routon.
Sentinel—Bro. Githard.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, and down to an excellent banquet and a most enjoyable social hour was spent.

HOCKEY GAME TONIGHT

Be sure you see the hockey game on Wetaskiwin Ice Thursday evening of this week, when the local boys will endeavor to show the Red Deer sextette how the game should be played. These two teams were in the play-off last season and tonight's game should be well worth the price of admission.

OBITUARY

AUGUST CARLSON

There passed away at the home of Oscar Greenwood near Duhamel, on December 31st, August Carlson, at the advanced age of eighty years and ten months. The deceased was a native of Sweden and had spent a number of years in different parts of the United States, but eighteen years ago he joined the large influx of settlers to the Wetaskiwin district and located in the Duhamel District. The funeral took place on Saturday the 1st instant being in the New Sweden cemetery.

PER JOHNSON

Another of the pioneers of the Wetaskiwin district passed away at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Olf Lindstrom on Monday, in the person of Per Johnson. He was aged seventy-six years, eleven months and four days, and was born in Sweden. In the year 1884, he came to the United States, and in 1893 he came to Alberta and after looking over several districts he located near Falun. He was considered an authority on land in the west country, and in the days of the large immigration acted as land guide and located a large number of families west of Wetaskiwin.

He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Olf Lindstrom, of Falun. The funeral takes place on Thursday of this week, the interment being in the Falun cemetery.

MRS. GEORGE WATERSTON

A gloom was cast over the entire community last week when it was learned that Katie Ethel, beloved wife of Mr. George Waterston had passed away at the Wetaskiwin hospital. She entered the hospital five days before her demise for a serious operation, which proved to be too great a shock to her system. The late Mrs. Waterston was born at Almyer, Que., on June 18th, 1876, and was therefore aged forty-nine years, six months and seventeen days, married her sorrowful husband on Sept. 18th, 1895, and in April, 1901, they moved to the Wetaskiwin district and located south-east of the city, where they have since resided. She was one of the pioneers of the west, and had a host of friends who held her in the highest esteem. Deceased was a member of the Angus Ridge Women's Institute and the Cherry Grove U.F.W.A.

She is survived by her husband, and two sons, Clifford and Wilfrid, at home, and three daughters, Mrs. C. M. Gibson of Perinich, Mrs. F. J. Keena of Medicine Hat, and Mrs. W. E. Gilling of Wetaskiwin; also five grandchildren; her aged father and mother at Almyer, and three sisters and four brothers there, one sister at Portland, Ore., and one sister, Mrs. H. A. Price, near Brightview; and one brother, Henry Richards, of Medicine Hat.

The funeral took place on Monday afternoon, service being held in the Presbyterian church by Rev. A. L. Elliott, and the interment was in the Wetaskiwin cemetery. The floral tributes were beautiful and included a wreath from the Angus Ridge Women's Institute, a wreath from the Cherry Grove U.F.W.A.; a wreath from the directors and staff of the U.F.A. Store; and a wreath from the family. A large crowd was in attendance to pay their last tribute of respect to the departed, and attesting the high esteem in which she was held by all who knew her as an ardent wife and mother. The pallbearers were Messrs. T. A. Angus, A. J. Rix, Wm. Thrisk, Ed. Wilson, Carl Krutzfeld, and E. Recknagel.

FARMERS WITH GOOD SEED ARE ADVISED TO HOLD SAME

Lethbridge, Jan. 6.—Western farmers who have good clean plump oats would be well advised to hold them for seed, Superintendent W. H. Fairfield, of the Lethbridge experimental farm station on his return from Winnipeg, where he attended a meeting of the Dominion seed board. "It was the unanimous verdict of those present that there is a real shortage of seed oats in the prairie provinces this year, and it is certain that thousands of bushels of seed will have to be imported by our farmers to supply their spring requirements. Farmers who have good oats are certain to get a premium for them and should not feed

THE VOTE ON CHURCH UNION

Throughout the Dominion, the Presbyterian congregations are taking the vote as to whether they intend to concur with the movement of their mother church and go with her into the United Church of Canada on June 10th, 1925, or to withdraw and establish another church. The latest reports to hand indicate that the great majority of congregations will stand loyal to the mother church and go forward with her into the union, and only a few intend to withdraw.

Out of 286 congregations which have taken the vote, only 28 have voted non-concurrence. Of these voting non-concurrence, 5 are in Alberta, which has been the stronghold of anti-unionism in the west.

It is interesting to note that the vote at Red Deer and Macleod was almost unanimous for non-concurrence and it would seem that this vote was almost a vote of confidence and affection for their respective ministers, Rev. Brown of Red Deer, and Rev. Kennedy of Macleod, who are strong opponents of union, rather than an expression of their opinion on union. In Banff there has been a union church for some years and ministered to by an anti-union minister—Rev. Thompson. In the vote 13 voted against and 7 for. Apparently all the others were satisfied with the union in operation and took no part in the vote. Waterbury voted 22 against and 21 for union.

In Regina all the congregations voted concurrence with the mother church. It is said that the anti-unionists may unite their forces and establish in the city a new congregation.

Edmonton, two congregations have voted, Knox and Westminster. Both voted concurrence.

The oldest Presbyterian church in the Dominion, First Presbyterian church of Truro, Nova Scotia, with a membership of 676, has decided to go with the mother church into the union. The vote was 611 for and 42 against.

LONDON GALE IS WORST IN YEARS

London, Jan. 3.—Reports reaching London tonight from all parts of the United Kingdom and Ireland indicate that the present gale has established a record for over 30 years for its fierceness and continuity. The heaviest material damage is swelling hourly, although few personal casualties have thus far been reported.

Despatches from Glasgow tonight stated that a 70 mile an hour gale there was followed by a blizzard. Midlands and Wales report the displacement of traffic and the destruction of property at many points by floods, hail and tempests.

Shipping has been chiefly affected and advices from the south coast state that the channel has been practically deserted, all vessels having run for shelter. Off Deal numerous steamers sought for shelter, who were unable to get aboard owing to the heavy seas.

BIBLE INSTITUTE FOR WETASKIWIN

Arrangements have been made by the Scandinavian Baptists to open a Bible Institute in the city this winter. A short course of five weeks will be offered, commencing on January 20th and closing on February 24th. Board members will be obtainable for those desiring same.

Instruction will be given in lines essential to Christian work. The subjects to be studied are Bible Doctrine, Life and Teachings of Jesus, Sunday School Work, Young People's Work, Personal Work, Preparation for Delivery of Addresses, as well as how to conduct meetings. Expositions will also be given on various books of the Bible. The English language will be used throughout the course. The instructor will be Rev. P. Alf Peterson, of Kirkenhven, Minn.

The committee in charge is hoping that those interested will avail themselves of this opportunity.

Their stocks of oats, said Mr. Fairfield. Asked about feed oats, Mr. Fairfield replied that he had no information that would lead him to believe there is a shortage of feed oats in the country.

COUNCIL HOLDS INAUGURAL MEETING MONDAY EVENING

Standing Committees and City Officials Appointed for Year. Ald. Parker is Deputy Mayor. Better Lighting of Business Streets Considered. To Report on Advisability of Buying Fire Truck.

The statutory meeting of the city council was held on Tuesday evening with all members in attendance. His Worship Mayor Montgomery presided, and the oath of office had been taken, and he welcomed the old aldermen back to the board. He requested that the committees prepare the estimates as soon as possible. He felt proud of what had been accomplished last year and he believed that if the aldermen exercised reasonable care they would conclude their 1925 terms with even a better financial showing than was made last year, when a record was established.

The minutes of the previous meeting were then adopted.

The secretary, treasurer submitted the bonds of the officials of the city office, and Mayor Montgomery was authorized to sign same on behalf of the city.

His Worship then submitted the following list of standing committees, for 1925, which were approved, the first name being chairman:

Finance—Ald. Parker, Brown and Githard.

Police and Fire—Ald. Chandler, English and Parker.

Property, Health and Relief—Ald. Githard, Mean and English.

Utilities—Ald. Brown, Chandler, and Mean.

Light and Water—Ald. Mean, Parker and Brown.

Board of Health—R. M. Angus re-appointed, the other members being Wm. Berry and Ald. Githard.

Hospital Board—Ald. Parker, Githard and Mean, the appointees of the M.D. of Montgomery and Bigstone, and the re-appointment of Dr. N. A. Johnson, Carl Smith, Mrs. Rodell, Mrs. Hogan and Mayor Montgomery.

The new members are Mrs. A. R. Peterson, and Mr. J. P. French.

City Solicitor—C. H. Russell at a salary of \$200.00.

Medical Officer of Health—Dr. A. S. McColligan at salary of \$200.00.

Auditors—Henderson & Co. at a salary of \$75.00.

Firearmy Inspector—Dr. N. A. Johnson, at salary of \$125.00.

Supt. of Insurance—J. P. Johnson, no remuneration.

Ald. Parker was then elected deputy mayor for the first three months of 1925.

The next meeting of council will be held on Jan. 13th and thereafter every other Tuesday evening during the year.

The following accounts were then passed for payment: General, \$19.40; Electric Light, \$82.57; Waterworks, \$2.54.

The action of the secretary treasurer in ordering dog tags was confirmed.

Ald. Parker brought up the matter of better lighting on business streets and moved that the mayor appoint a special committee to report on the proposition. The motion was seconded by Ald. Chandler and the following were appointed as a committee, Ald. Parker, Brown and English.

The matter of keeping street lights on all night and extra lighting in some parts of city was referred to the utilities committee.

Ald. Githard referred to the benefits to the city if an auto truck could be purchased and the matter was referred to the utilities committee to investigate and report.

The Chief of Police was instructed to collect all licenses forthwith.

His Worship brought up the matter of setting aside six or eight acres in the city limits as a bird and animal sanctuary. It was agreed that if any local organization would fence the property, the land would be set aside.

Meeting adjourned.

FRIDAY, THE 13TH COMES THREE TIMES IN THE YEAR 1925

Those superstitious persons—there are still some—who tremble at the thought of a "Friday, the 13th" will have three such hazards in the year 1925, which is just around the corner, but is a lean year as yet. There was only one Friday the 13th in 1924, in June, but in 1925 the 13th falls on a Friday in the months of February, March and October.

Easter comes a full week earlier than in 1924. Good Friday is set for April 10, and Easter Sunday April 12.

There are some other interesting angles in the 1925 calendar. May 31, Queen Victoria's birthday, that very popular holiday which generally heralds the summer's approach, falls on a Sunday, and will probably be celebrated on the Monday after—a bumper weekend holiday.

Dominion Day—July 1, and Armistice Day, November 11, both come on Wednesday in 1925. This will not have very much effect on Armistice Day, but Dominion Day celebrations must be confined to the one day in mid-week.

Of course those week-end holidays of later summer and fall will be unchanged in 1925. Civic holidays throughout the Dominion are generally celebrated on the first Monday in August, which will be August 3; Labor Day will be Monday, September 7; and Thanksgiving Day, Monday, November 9.

Philadelphia, Dec. 31—Poison II—Quot took a toll of more than 600 lives in Philadelphia during the year ended today, according to Coroner Paton.

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Meeting adjourned.

CARD PARTY AND CURLING

The Ladies' Curling Club are holding a card party and mixed curling at the rink on Wednesday evening, January 21st, the proceeds to go towards the expenses of the annual bonspiel. There will be good prizes given for the winners in the curling as well as for cards. Anyone wishing to enter a rink is requested to hand in their names to C. B. McLeod as soon as possible, so that the draw can be made. Admission will be 50c each.

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Mrs. Edward Michon, 148 Carleton St., Guelph, Ont., writes: "I have been in a terrible condition on account of having such awful pain in my back. In fact, I was so bad I would have to cease my washing several times before I could finish it."

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STOPPING A SQUEALER

(By Hugh F. Griestond)

The summer after his graduation from the university, where he had specialized in geology, Scott McCall spent a month prospecting the Klamath Mountains, of eastern Oklahoma. He was in the company of a company that hoped to find novaculite or "Arkansas stone" and open up a quarry. Novaculite is a fine grained siliceous rock from which whetstones and oilstones such as razor hones and the homes used by dentists, jewelers and engravers are made. The valuable stone had been found in Arkansas just across the state line, where the quarrying of it constituted an important industry.

After spending a few days examining the formation about one of the old quarries in the Hot Springs district, young McCall went to his new field. He left the railway at a little station near the state line and hired a half-breed Choctaw to haul him and his outfit over a mountain road to the head of Buck Creek, where he made camp. After assisting him to set up his tent, the Indian departed, promising to come back in four weeks.

McCall found himself in a rugged and sparsely settled region. Pine and cedar timber covered some of the peaks; long stretches of oak, hickory and walnut were growing on the slopes. The only evidence of civilization was bands of half-wild hogs of the razor-back type and an occasional lean cow. The nearest house was five miles from camp.

It was near the middle of July when McCall began prospecting, but in spite of the hot weather he went on long tramps every day, carrying in his knapsack over his shoulder a small aneroid barometer, a geologist's hammer and a clinometer for measuring the dip of a vein or the slope of a ledge.

At the end of three weeks he had explored nearly every stream bed, ridge and valley within a radius of ten miles without having discovered any promising indications of the stone.

From a bee hunter he learned of a peculiar outcrop of white rock farther down one of the streams than he had prospected. Returning from a disappointing search in that direction late one afternoon, he came upon a dozen gaunt, sandy hogs, rooting among the bunches of thin grass that grew in an open glade. There were an old sow and five or six half grown pigs, an aged stag and several young ones. They were feeding on grass, but a small bush that resembled a wild onion. Some of the creatures bore in their ears the mark of their owner; some had not even that slight sign of domestication. When they caught sight of him they darted into the brush at the edge of the glade.

Three pigs rooting among the leaves of a fallen tree had failed to hear the warning whirr of the old sow above the rustle of dead leaves and twigs. They did not see the strange creature walking slowly up behind, and when McCall stopped within a rod of them and clapped his hands together they squealed in terror and dashed away blindly. Two of the pigs tore across the open ground in the direction of the old hogs, but the third scuttled under the tangle of dead branches, through which it could see the open ground and safety. Between two of the remaining hogs the sight of man's arm the creature thrust its head. But it had miscalculated the size of the opening; halfway through it stopped and wiggled backward. As it came back it moved sideways where the crack was narrower, and its head stuck fast!

Like pigs of every age and breed, it began to struggle and squeal lustily when it found it could not free itself; then with usual porcine obstinacy it crowded its neck closer into the crotch instead of moving back a few inches in the opposite direction. Hoping to release the struggling captive, McCall sprang forward and, dropping to his knees, reached into the tangle of small branches. At that moment he heard an unusual noise and turned to see not only the old sow but the entire band bearing down upon him from the fringe of undergrowth barely fifty yards away. Their rancous grunts blended into a roar of rage. With bristles raised, the angry beasts were charging fearlessly to the rescue of their mate. It was hard for McCall to believe that those swift, ferocious creatures were even remotely related to the well-fed lazy porker of the farm.

He was not long in concluding that he must get beyond reach of their clamping jaws. Even at that distance he could see the gleaming tusks of the old sow, one rip from which would almost sever a limb. The nearest tree was more than a hundred feet away, and McCall knew that he could not reach it ahead of the racing avine. Before him was the fallen tree top, which was little more than a brush heap. Apparently the two

had been down two or three years; the branches were dead and broken. There was one, however, that thrust upward and outward and appeared to be large enough to sustain his weight. The band of clanking hogs were within twenty yards of the boy when he jumped upon the tree trunk and crawled out upon the half rotted branch as far as he dared. The hogs were below him in an instant, circling round the fastened pig. Some of them stood with their forefeet upon the tree trunk, ripping the bark off with their teeth and glaring up at the quarry. McCall involuntarily crept out farther upon the branch until a warning crack brought him to a halt.

Trembling and fearful, he watched the infuriated hogs milling almost within reach of his feet. The old sow had clamped his tusks together until flecks of blood showed on the foam that dripped from his jaws. At every fresh outburst from the pig some of the beasts would crowd in closer. Once the old sow roared up against the slender branch as if she would try to shake him off in her fury, and McCall momentarily expected to feel his perch collapse.

Apparently encouraged by the presence of so many loyal defenders, the pig ceased his outcry for a few moments and all the hogs except the old sow retreated a few yards; some of them began to root in the grass. But when McCall changed his position slightly to ease his cramped legs, the pig mistook the movement and began squealing again. More vicious than ever, the hogs all crowded forward, and the crash of their bodies seemed likely to snap off the dead branch and land the victim of their wrath in their midst. McCall feared that another such onslaught would be his undoing; apparently the only way to induce the hogs to stay back was to keep the pig quiet. If he could get a few yards start he thought he might be able to run and reach a safer place in his own belief the hogs would not leave the squealing pig to follow him far. But how was he to keep the pig from making an uproar and bringing them upon him the moment he touched the ground?

A downward glance showed him the heady eyes of the pig looking up at him. The little animal was not directly under him but at one side; in its efforts to get as far as possible from the man the terrified creature had wedged itself higher than ever. "You little runt!" McCall exclaimed in exasperation. "If you had even hog sense, you'd know enough to slip your mealy head this way a few inches and take it out. If I could reach you I'd pull you out!"

But there was no way of reaching the little mischief maker without dropping to the ground, and to do that would be foolhardy. The savage herd would chew him to pieces. Again the old hogs withdrew a few inches; the pig had ceased its struggling. For more than a minute all was quiet, and McCall remained motionless. As he looked down at the pig, which he knew was merely getting its breath for another round of squealing, an idea came to him. If the obstinate little brute was so frightened at the presence of a man several feet away, what would it do if some strange object stood upon the ground within a few inches of its head? McCall glanced down. Well, he would find out in a second or two.

Carefully removing his hat, he waded it into a wall, and taking it in his right hand, walked it forward. At the first movement the pig again set up its terrific squealing. The hogs had turned and were rushing toward the little captive, when McCall gave a final swing and released the hat. He had aimed to toss it a foot beyond the head of the squealer, but it cleared the creature's snout by barely four inches.

In its efforts to get as far away as possible from the hat, which was lying on the ground, the pig seemed to be doing its best to pull its own head off. McCall held his breath. If the hat would just remain where it was for a few seconds undisturbed by the other brutes, the pig would probably work along the opening to a place where it could get its head out.

Just then McCall got a fleeting glimpse of the old sow and saw the ugly fangs close upon the hat. Then the vicious brute set one sharp foot on it and gave an upward jerk of the head; then came the sound of rending felt. For a moment McCall feared that his plan had failed.

The next instant half the hat was thrown against the struggling pig, and with a despairing wail the little

SLIGHT REDUCTION IN THE NUMBER OF ALBERTA LICENSES

Edmonton, Jan. 3.—Two of Edmonton's hotels have dropped by the wayside in the re-issuance of beer licenses for the new year, these being the Alberta and Empire hotels. The Macdonald, which did not apply for a license last year, is out with the other applicants this year, and has secured one of the cancelled permits. The Plaza hotel on the south side has picked up the other license.

All of Calgary's 21 hotels which obtained licenses for selling beer last year, kept their records shipshape, and have all been issued their 1925 permits by the liquor commissioner's office here on the payment of the \$400 license fee required for each place.

About 265 licenses have been issued in all parts of the province for the new year, as compared with 290 granted in 1924. P. O. Foster, of the Licensing branch, thinks the number this year will soon overtake 1924, pointing out that many hotels have recently changed hands and the law does not provide for the transfer of licenses with change of ownership. The inter-provincial appeal for a reduction in freight rates on liquor shipments has been turned down by the board of railway commissioners, according to word just received by the government, the high cost of policing liquor shipments being given as the reason for the rates.

The liquor board has arranged for the delivery of hard liquors by parcel

creature pulled its head at least four inches in the direction of the widest part of the space.

As if tired of threatening, the old sow reared upon her hind feet, and throwing her weight against the branch, scared the dead wood with her enormous teeth. There followed the crackling of straining timber, and McCall looked fearfully down at the bristly backs. Then the uproar suddenly ceased. In its struggles to get away from the hat the imprisoned pig had reached the place where its head could slip back through the opening. Now it was racing across the glade toward the timber, and the other hogs were already in pursuit.

Two minutes later McCall descended from his perch, and with a rueful glance at the remains of his camp, passed within sight of five or six of the animals that a few minutes before had wanted to tear him to pieces. True to their wild natures, they turned tail and fled at the approach of man.

Your CHILD'S CHEST

A child's health changes so rapidly that prompt doctoring is vital. If a mother has the least suspicion of any throat or chest weakness in her dear ones, let her give them a Peppermint to suck at bedtime and one before going out in the cold air.

PEPS

are beautifully soothing and healing for children's tender throat and breathing passages. Peps quickly cures coughs, check any inflammatory tendency, and keep whooping-cough, croup, and bronchitis at bay.

Peps are ideal for children, being entirely free from laudanum and all other dangerous ingredients.

NEW REDUCED PRICES.—The same genuine remedy, manufactured for relief and offering real life, for all ailments.

WOOD'S PHOSPHORINE.
The Great Kidney Purifier.
It tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes the blood pure, and is a tonic for the kidneys. It is sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain glass on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

post to postoffices in the province remote from express offices, orders of this kind to be sent to the warehouses in either Calgary or Edmonton, accompanied by 25 cents additional for each bottle ordered, this to meet the costs in excess of express charges.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
Sweeten the Stomach

The
EMBASSY
Special Old
Liqueur Whisky

A BLEND OF OLD MALT AND GRAIN WHISKIES COMBINING AGE WITH SUPERB QUALITY



"For those who Discriminate"

Fine old malt and grain combine to make Embassy superfine

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A COMPETITION OF SKILL

How many words in the English language can you make from the words:—

Jack Canuck, Toronto

No proper names are to be used. Webster's English dictionary will decide. In the event of ties, the prizes will be divided pro rata.

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With your help we are going to make Jack Canuck the greatest of all Canadian magazines, a magazine fearless in criticism, untrammelled by the big interests, devoted to the common people.

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Cut out the form below, fill in your name and address, attach it to your list of words, enclose the regular subscription price of \$3.50 per annum and mail it to Circulation Department, Jack Canuck Publishing Co. Limited, 319 Bay Street, Toronto, and your little investment may make you a fortune. Mark your envelope "Cash Prizes."

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Eighty prizes of \$100.00 each	8,000.00
Total	\$50,000.00

Eighty-Nine Prizes - 89 - Eighty-Nine

Competition closes on the first day of March, 1925, at 12 o'clock p.m. Rush your entry and get a place among the big winners.

Circulation Department, Jack Canuck, 319 Bay Street, Toronto

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Wetaskiwin Times

Published every Thursday at the Times Block, McDonald Street, Wetaskiwin, Alberta

Subscription, \$2.50 per year; \$2.00 per year if paid in advance. U.S. postage, 10c. Advertising rates on application.

V. C. FRENCH
Editor Proprietor

THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1925

Better Times Are Ahead!

A tone of optimism is common to the New Year messages with which leaders in business have greeted the people of Canada. It sanely construed the influence of these declarations of hope and confidence will be for good. Faith is the beginning of achievement. No people ever attained prosperity who did not believe that the thing could be done. The measure of improvement that will come in conditions during 1925 will depend largely upon how generally and how strongly people believe that improvement can be made, to come.

There is every reason why Canadians should look for better times. There is no reason why they should not do so. Our country is as rich in resources as it ever was. There is as much capital available for their exploitation as there ever was. The demand for our products abroad is more keen than it has been in times of peace. If the confidence proclaimed in the New Year messages prevails, or is made to prevail, in any general way our people will begin again to put their money into productive enterprises, instead of looking it up in the banks and investing in long term government bonds. That diversion of funds from non-productive to productive use would go a long way to make work and wages for those who cannot now find them, to increase the public capacity to buy goods, and hence to speed up all lines of industrial activity and trade.

Conditions in Canada are not bad. They are a long way from being bad. One glance over the string of news despatches from Europe is enough to show that. To most people except the wealthy on the other side of the Atlantic the problem of life is to get enough to eat. That is not the situation of any considerable section of the Canadian people. Whoever will work for a meal in this country can get one. The Canadian farmer is paying his debts this year. When he is doing that things are not and cannot be as bad for other people as they might easily be. It is only in the centres that seriously adverse conditions have developed, and there only among those who depend upon wages, and mainly among those who depend upon casual or seasonal employment. Aside from such cases there is practically no destitution in Canada and no class of people who are in circumstances verging on the desperate. Canadians are not distressed because they cannot make a living; we are only fretting because we cannot make more money.

There is not in prospect any miracle by which a short-cut to individual wealth and national prosperity will come to Canadians during the present year. A "boom" in real estate values or any other easy-money development of a speculative kind is not in sight. We need not expect that importing a hundred thousand or a half million European job-hunters will make everybody rich. But what is plainly in view is the opportunity to build up better conditions by the only means which ever do build up such conditions permanently—the application of industry and thrift and capital. The world is clamoring for foodstuffs which Canada produces in enormous surplus and can produce in many times greater surplus. Our timber is so keenly demanded abroad that the problem is to prevent our forests being wiped off the face of the earth. Inventive science has put a new face value upon mineral deposits of many kinds which are known to exist in Canada. Our fishermen are getting prices they never got before for their products they send abroad. That is a situation to encourage hope, to strengthen faith, to stimulate confidence. Possibly excepting the United States there is no country whose people are so completely masters of their own circumstances. If we have the faith that it can be done, and the will to do it, conditions in Canada at the end of 1925 will be materially improved everywhere over the bygone miserable deplorable conditions with which the year begins.—Bulletin.

Business Decline of Mail Order House

The mail order business is declining. Toronto's two large houses

which feature this trade report this, and the conclusion has been reached that the day of the mail order house is "passing," says the Financial Post. That's just in line with the natural order of events! Women do the greater percentage of buying, and as they are yearly becoming better shoppers they know that "seeing" is "knowing" the quality of the goods. Retail merchants in small and larger centres are trying to supply the demands of their prospective customers, and are buying with judgment and good taste so that their goods compare favorably with city goods. True it is that one does not have so wide a range from which to choose, but this is more than compensated for by the lack of confusion which is created by the sight altogether of too many similar articles. Of course city merchants know the great value of advertising as a seller of goods, and are continuing to learn the value to them of definite city dailies. However, town and village merchants have been quick to make their office by means of advertising and they have held their rightful customers by means of a continuous news service of their merchandise in the local newspapers. The merchant who does not tell his fellow citizens about the quality and price of the goods he has bought for their use is a man who is helping the mail order houses to continue their mail order business. These city merchants let us all know in detail of their bargains and their service. Do your business with your local merchants who are glad to serve you and willing to tell the world the story of their merchandise through the local weekly.

Things Money Will Not Buy

The greatest things in life are not purchasable with money. Money can buy the luxurious bath in a marble mansion, but it cannot buy the joy of the swimming hole down in the old creek, where boyhood democracy is at its best. Money can buy the costly electric toy, but that toy cannot yield the thrill that comes to the boy who makes his first kite with his own hands and sees it sailing aloft at the end of a string held in his own fingers. Money can buy the choicest meats at the store, but it cannot buy the joy that can be bought by the small boy who earns his way into the circus by carrying water to the elephants. Paris, and Rome and Venice can never hold for the poor little rich boys the joys and the thrills that come to the rich little poor boys who mean the woods, the great outdoors, listening to the songs of the wild birds, testing new-found herbs and roots, chasing rabbits, trying to understand the chatter of the squirrels and giving ear to the rustle of the crisp autumn leaves under foot. Money can buy the choicest viands in Gotham's cafes but these viands never taste to the poor little rich boys as do the roasted eggs and potatoes and ash-covered bacon tastes to the rich little poor boys who wander through the fields and the woods, fish the little streams and feel the soothing mud squashing up between their wriggling toes.

Advice From The West

The address given by Premier Greenfield of Alberta to the Ottawa Canadian Club was notable for its good temper and its constructive character. He laid very little stress on grievances. He did say that among Eastern financial, business and public men he found lack of knowledge of the problems of western Canada. He thought that western Canada had a better knowledge of the east, but this was largely due to the fact that there was a large migration from east to west, but very little in the contrary direction. Referring to the charge that westerners are wheat miners rather than farmers, he pointed out that when a man goes into a country with a family to keep, he produces that which will bring him the quickest return, and in this case the product indicated was wheat. Nevertheless, mixed farming was on the increase. The bulk of Alberta dairy products had grown from 7,800,000 pounds in 1910 to 22,975,000 lbs. in 1923. "So you see we are not all mining wheat."

He stated that free homestead land is almost exhausted. It was inadvisable, he thought, to spread a thin population over a large area, and he advocated thickening up the population so as to give people the advantage of schools, roads and other conveniences. The opposite course, of trying to make a small population cover too large an area, had created debts for railways, education and highways altogether out of proportion to the capacity of the people to bear the burden. It may be pointed out that the Soldier Settlement Board has been carrying out the policy, which Mr.

Here and There

At the close of Montreal's 1924 season of ocean traffic on December 3, the Harbor Master announced that 1,222 ocean and coasting ships arrived in the port during the year as against 1,114 in 1923 and 1,194 in 1922, the best previous season. It is believed that a new record has also been established in the number of lake vessels visiting the port.

The service operated by the Laurentide Air Service to the gold-fields of Roxya, Que., which was successfully inaugurated this summer, will be continued during the coming winter. Travelers will make the journey in luxury, closed machines with plush seats and a carrying capacity of six passengers being employed.

Canada stands out to the intending British emigrant as the most attractive of the Dominions, according to General Bramwell Booth, head of the Salvation Army, who has just completed a tour of this country. The army is now considering the establishment in western Canada of a training school for boys who wish to take up farming there.

Another fine new station was made available to the public by the Canadian Pacific Railway when the company's new building at Schreiber, Ont., was opened by H. J. Humphrey, general superintendent of the Algoma district, on December 11. This structure, which replaces the former frame building, is of modern fireproof construction. It will also house the superintendent of the Schreiber division and his staff.

Three times winner of the world's champion wheat prize at the Chicago Live Stock Show, including this year's prize, J. C. Mitchell, Agona, Alta., sailed for the Old Country on a demonstration tour aboard the Canadian Pacific steamship "Montaurier" on December 12. Mr. Mitchell states that prize wheat is improving each year, and that exhibits which would have won first prize twelve years ago now seldom take higher than fifteenth place.

Within a radius of forty miles from Taber, a small town in the heart of the settled southern district of Alberta, antelopes estimated to number 1,000 are running wild. The prairie antelope was once almost extinct but protective measures put into force have saved the species and present indications are that this splendid game animal may soon increase to an extent rendering an open season possible and adding greatly to Alberta's attraction for sportsmen.

One of the heaviest rushes ever experienced by the Canadian Pacific Railway in connection with a traditional Christmas sailings to the British Isles was experienced this year. A special train from the West to Montreal was required for the accommodation of passengers for the company's steamship, the "Montaurier," sailing December 12 from St. John, N.B., while one or two specials or extra sections from Montreal to St. John and extra sections on the Imperial, the Canadian Pacific transcontinental, were required daily for steamship passengers during that same week.

Greenfield recommends, in spirit, although not in every detail with excellent results. Many who would make good settlers, he said, needed only a sound proposition and protection from exploitation to draw them back to the land. He used the phrase "back to the land" advisedly, because many city men were only a generation removed from the land. Agricultural experience was not essential to making good in western Canada. He ex-

Stomach Trouble DYSPEPSIA Banished By Using



Mr. M. P. Eldridge, Beaver Harbor, N.B., writes: "I was troubled with my stomach for some time, and every thing I ate seemed to distress me. I tried many different medicines, but without any results. Finally I was advised to try B.B.B., and after having taken several bottles I was completely relieved of my trouble. I can now eat any thing I wish to, thanks to B.B.B. This preparation is manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont."

Remember the name



The name "Royal Yeast Cakes" is your guarantee of quality. They have been the recognized standard for over 50 years.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES



plained this by saying that both here and in Great Britain there are thousands whose ancestors for generations lived on the land, and "such a tie cannot be broken in one generation." A personal touch was given in these words:

"My father had an ambition to make a commercial man of me. I tried it until I was 21, and if I had stuck I would have been a rotten failure. Back of me for 200 years we had been farmers. I was once removed. I could not resist the draw back to the land. That is true of thousands, not only in Great Britain, but also in Canada. We don't want the adventure type, the get-rich-quick artist who will shoot his head off with grievances. What we want is the quiet, resolute type who does not talk much but works."

He suggested that a branch of the branches of the Empire Settlement Board be established in Canada

SILVER FOX INSPECTION

The inspection of silver black fox for registration purposes, is confined each season to about 16 weeks commencing the middle of September. It is during this period that the quality and color of the fur can be judged. According to the report of the Hon. Mr. Mulholland of the work of the department of agriculture during the past fiscal year, about 10,000 foxes were inspected, tattooed in the ears for identification and duly registered in the office of the Canadian National Live Stock Records. This brought the number of registered foxes up to more than 20,000 for which certificates have been issued. Inspection work is carried on by the live stock branch of the department. The registration, which is based on rigid regulations administered by the Canadian National Live Stock Records is observed to be having a beneficial effect on the silver black fox industry. Beginners buying recorded foxes are assured of getting animals of at least fair quality and that have been bred true to type for a number of generations. The silver black fox industry, though carried on in every province in Canada, is more intensively developed in the maritime provinces. During the year under review, approximately 4,600 live foxes were shipped out of Prince Edward Island. Of these 3,400 were exported, many going to the United States, where the industry is developing at a rapid rate.

under the direction of Canadians. Provincial governments should then be asked to look over the territory and select suitable land where the soil was good and where there was adequate railway facilities, schools and good roads. Expert advice should be given to the settler as to the purchase of stock and equipment, and he should be protected from exploitation and assisted by long-term loans.

Premier Greenfield's address is in line with the most recent thought in regard to immigration and settlement. The old haphazard policy must be discarded. There should be cooperation on the part of the dominion and provincial governments and the authorities in Great Britain. The good results obtained by the Soldier Settlement Board are due to an intelligent plan of advice and assistance—Toronto Globe.

A LITTLE BOY'S SERMON

One Monday a little boy, who had been to church the day before, thought he would have a church of his own. He arranged his four sisters in front of him, then stood up on a stool and spoke very loud. This is just a part of the real sermon that he preached: "This is to be a 'mind-mother' sermon. There are two ways in which you ought to mind everything she says. 'Mind her the first time she speaks. When mother says, 'Marry, bring me some coal or water, please,' or 'Run to the shop,' don't answer 'In just a minute, Mother.' Little folks' minutes are a great deal longer than the ones the clock ticks off. When you say 'yes' with your lips, say 'yes' with your hands and feet. Don't say 'yes' and act 'no'. Saying 'yes, in a minute,' is not obeying, but doing 'yes' is. 'Mind cheerfully. Don't scowl when you have to drop a book, or whine because you can't go and play. You wouldn't own a dog that minded you with his ears laid back, growling and snapping. A girl or boy ought to mind a great deal better than a dog.'—The Watchman.

Announcement is made that general stores and other business places in close during the winter months at 8:30 p.m.

BRINGS HAPPY EASE

Don't Endure Pain—Apply MINARD'S—The remedy your grandmother used to get sure relief.



Yarmouth, N.S. A GOOD THING RUB IT IN

Named for the state and truly great

Old Kentucky famed as the world's finest Bourbon whiskey. Aged to Perfection.

A time honored friend of yours

Old Kentucky BOURBON WHISKEY

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PRINTED STATIONERY is one of the "BIG GUNS OF BUSINESS" Every successful business man uses stationery—Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Bill Heads, Circular Letters, Etc. Without them he would be lost.

The Times can supply your requirements in these lines as well as any city office and at the same prices charged by city shops.

The Wetaskiwin Times

Producers of Printing of the Better Quality

LAWSON'S BIG JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE



Ladies' Wear

Ladies' Long Sleeve Vests. Sale price only .. 50c
Monarch Floss 5c Ball

Ladies' Corsets, An assortment of better Corsets to be put on sale at \$1.00
(The number is limited, so be early for choice)

Ladies' Flannelette Nightgowns, Regular \$1.50;
On sale at only \$1.00

Children's Fleece Lined Sleepers. Regular to
\$1.50. Sizes 1 to 5. at \$1.00

CLEARING LINES IN DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

Draperies Chintz in attractive patterns of tan and
green, rose and green, and blue, and other
shades; 36 inches wide, at only 25c yard

White Curtain Net with scalloped edge; 44 inches
wide. Priced specially at 50c

Ivory Madras Curtain Material, with bound edge
and conventional design; 36 inches wide, at 75c

Colored Terry Towelling, natural and white
stripes alternate with red and linen shades; 14
inches wide. Special at 19c yard

Plain Heavy Cotton Towelling with red border
stripes; 16 inches wide. Special price 17c
6 yards for \$1.00

Pure Linen Bleached Table Covering in rose de-
sign. This is an imported Irish line, 72 inches
wide. Regularly good value at \$2.50. While it
lasts \$1.95

8-4 Bleached Sheeting, of even texture and good
weight, measures full 72 inches.
Specially priced at 65c

Ginghams, plaid and check designs. 27 inches
wide. 5 yards \$1.00

Cotton Moroccan Crepe, in pleasing designs, Regu-
lar at \$1.50. 38 inches wide. One sale 95c

Satinette, a lovely soft material for slips, bloom-
ers, or linings; many pleasing colors. Regular
75c. On Sale at 55c

White and Stripe Flannelette; 27 inches wide. On
sale at 5 yards \$1.00

Every Article in the Store is marked
Down; in many cases below cost.
COMPARE PRICES AND QUALITY
and we will anticipate your orders.

Ladies' Shoes and Rubbers

Big Special on Ladies Shoes, pumps and oxfords,
all styles. Regular \$6.50 for \$3.95 pair
Ladies Rubbers 50c pair

Ladies' Hosiery

Ladies' Fine Woolen Hose, in heather shades.
85c values for 65c
Ladies' Silk and Wool Hose, fawns, greys, log
cabin and brown shades. Sale price 80c pair
Ladies' All Wool Black Cashmere Hose, ribbed
top. Regular \$1.00. Special at 80c

3 only Youths' Heavy ALL WOOL TWEED OVERCOATS

12 to 14 yrs. Special \$4.95

BOYS' TWEED SUITS

6 to 12 yrs. Only a limited num-
ber, so come early for the best
\$5.95

Misses' wool, Scotch knit GAUNTLET GLOVES

A real dressy glove, reg. \$1.00
On Sale for 65c

LADIES' SHOES AT \$1.00

We have grouped about 16 pairs of
Ladies' High Grade Shoes to clear at
\$1.00 a pair

2 ONLY MISSES' COATS

Fit about 13 years. Half Price
A \$12.50 Coat for \$6.25

Men's Underwear

A Big Special. Men's fleece lined Combinations.
Sale price \$2.00 suit

Men's Fleece lined Shirts and Drawers. Regular
\$1.25. Sale price \$1.00 each garment

Men's Pure Wool Combinations, The Red Label
brand. Regular \$3.75. Sale price \$2.95 suit

Penman's flat knit Combinations, winter weight,
Sale price \$1.95 suit



Men's Wear

Lanky Bill Ties 30c

Men's Shirts, grey military cotton flannel shirts,
specially priced for this sale, all sizes \$1.25

Men's Arctic Caps, the only Caps for stormy wea-
ther. Lawson's price 50c

Men's Unlined Pullovers, horsehide fronts, mule
backs. Sale price 95c pair

Big Special—Extra strong Mulehide Pullovers.
On sale at 75c pair

Knitted Mitts for Men and Boys. On sale at 25c

Men's Mackinaw Coats

Men's Mackinaw Coats. One only leather lined
Mackinaw Coat, size 42. Regular at \$18.50. On
sale at \$13.50

The Heaviest All Wool Mackinaw, G. W. G. or
Firestone brand. Regular at \$10.50 and \$11.50
each. Lawson's price \$7.50

Boys' Heavy Mackinaws, at \$4.75

Leather Coat with Sleeves. Good quality soft lea-
ther, lined, all wool mackinaw cloth, knitted neck
and wristlets. On sale at \$9.75

Men's Footwear

11 Pairs Cloth Top Rubbers, Regular \$2.00. Size
6½ to 8 only. Sale price 50c

Men's Heavy Work Sox. Regular 45c a pair. On
Sale at 3 Pairs for \$1.00

Boys' Heavy Ribbed Wool Hose, black only. Regu-
lar \$1.25 per pair. Sale price 50c pair

Men's Hockey Shoes. Sizes 6 and 7 only. Regular
at \$5.75. On sale at \$2.90

Boys' Skating Shoes. All sizes. On sale at \$3.00

Lumberman's Heavy Sox, Black and white marks.
A great big heavy sock. On sale at \$1.25 pair

Boys' All Felt Shoes; all sizes, clearing at \$2.00

Men's all Felt Shoes, or felt with leather soles.
Sale price only \$2.75

REDUCTIONS ON STAPLE LINES

Big Reductions on all Staple Goods
Sheetings, Cottons, Towellings, etc.

THE LAWSON STORE

Classified Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Set of light bobsleighs and set of light double driving harness. Alfred Dahms, Phone 4002, Wetaskiwin. 41-3tn.

FOR SALE—Set light bobsleighs, good as new, price \$25.00 for immediate sale. Apply to Fred Kuester, Phone 8602, Wetaskiwin. 41-2tn.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Berkshire boar, 18 months old, to be sold, or will exchange for another boar, of same breed. C. J. Billsten, Malmö, Phone 1103. 41-2tn.

Wanted

WANTED—Woman by the day for general housework. Apply to The Times office. 42-1tn.

WANTED—Canadian farms with some improvements for desirable Washington or Oregon property. Describe fully. Owners only. C. O'Donovan, 427 Worcester Building, Portland, Oregon. 41-4tn.

FEED WHEAT—WANTED—We will pay a premium of 4c a bushel for feed wheat delivered at our hatch at Wetaskiwin. Johnson & Johnson, Phone 284 and 201. 36-4tn.

WANTED—By lady, room with widow, for light housekeeping, clean. Apply Box "P" Times Office, Wetaskiwin. 34-4tn.

Estray

REWARD

Five Dollars Reward for information leading to the recovery of one black mare, 4 yrs, rising 5, three white feet, white strip on face, foretop clipped last spring; weight about 1200 lbs. Also 1 Brown mare, 4 years, rising last spring; weight about 1200 lbs. Also 1 Brown mare, 2 years, rising last spring; weight about 1200 lbs. L. W. Marr, Phone R211 Millet. 41-3tn.

Miscellaneous

TENTS AND AWNINGS—Repaired. Let us look over your tents and awnings before the spring rush begins. Also your auto, carriage and furniture. Highest class work promptly done at lowest prices. Drop a card to W. J. Pickard, Wetaskiwin. 44tn.

AUCTION—For satisfaction and service, get Mitchell the Auctioneer, Member A.A.A. Auction sales conducted anywhere. Phone 15, Millet. 41-2tn.

M.D. of Montgomery, 458

NOTICE

The next meeting of the Council will be held in the U.F.A. Hall on Monday, 12th January, 1925, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when appeals against the 1924 Assessment will be heard, and you are hereby notified to appear before the Council at that meeting, when your appeal will receive consideration.

Dated at Wetaskiwin, 15th day of December, 1924.

GODFREY BAKER,

Secretary-Treasurer

PUBLIC NOTICE

TO OLAF NORDIN,

Formerly of MARLBOROUGH, Alberta:

Take Notice that an action No. 24314 has been commenced against you in the Supreme Court of Alberta, Judicial District of Calgary, by Mary Georgina Chichester, to recover the sum of \$721.58 due under a certain agreement made by you to her dated the 9th day of September, 1924, on "The S. E. 1/4 of S. 24, Tp. 47, R. 1, W. 12, containing 156.00 acres, containing 156.00 acres more or less, excepting thereout all mines and minerals, and for sale or foreclosure of said lands.

And Further Take Notice that you may deliver on or before the 24th day of January, 1925, (a) Statement of Defence, or (b) a Demand that Notice of any application be given to you.

And in default of your doing, the Plaintiff may obtain judgment and final order for foreclosure, or for such other relief as she may be entitled to, all without further notice to you.

Dated at the Court House, Calgary, this 9th day of December, 1924.

"A. G. A. Clowes"

Clerk in Chambers

Approved: "L. F. Clarry," M.C. 40-3tn.

The name and figures on your label tell you the month and year your subscription is paid up to.

ALBERTA COLLEGE
A MELTING POT

In Alberta College North, there are thirty-six distinct nationalities represented in the student body. At the Christmas banquet held recently, Mr. Rudolph Kluckiger, a Wetaskiwin student, had the honor of proposing the toast to "Our King and Country." He is from "Gitterland," and when he proposed the toast a short time ago, he spoke English very imperfectly and haltingly. That Mr. Kluckiger was able to give the following address, which we publish verbatim, is only an instance of the exceptionally good work being done by that institution.

Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Gentlemen—This week I was asked to propose a little toast to "King and Country." How I can do this with my few words of English, I don't know, but a good proverb says "Try and try again!"

Tonight we are here together as one family—why not a table only for the English people, for the Germans, Swedes, Ukrainians, and so on? It is in the world? Are the nations like one family sitting at the same table? No! Why not? Why do we have every nation at his own table? Have we not the same blood, the same descent, and the same God? Not one reason is there, why nations do not live together as one family.

When we go back into history, we can prove that the separation started thousands and thousands of years ago. The reason was egoism. Each one wanted more for his neighbor; egoism came sneaking in and with it the hate and with the hate war.

How is it today? I think never before was the world so full of hate and imperfections. Each nation has its own world and looks with a critical glance towards his neighbors. Not only among the neighbors, but even in the motherland there is room enough to shed blood. Think of the revolutions in France, in Germany and in Russia, and think of the great war of all in 1914-18. It looks to me as if we were born to kill, and it is a shame for the 20th century that anything like this should happen! Is this all that we have learned in this generation?

If we are fighting for an ideal, for a higher motive than imperialism such as liberty and equality, then there is justification and the last judgment will not be so severe with us.

England and Switzerland have had these two symbols for centuries and have showed the world whether it be kingdom or republic, that they can fight for the same ideals.

"Two voices are there; one is of the sea. One of the mountains, each a mighty voice."

In both, from age to age thou didst rejoice, they were thy chosen music—Liberty!"

I have many times to tell you how much blood it has cost Switzerland to keep liberty. All her neighbors: Germany, Austria, France and Italy have tried to conquer this small country. But with the last drop of blood it has fought through to victory and liberty!

How many times has England fought for the same ideal and not only for herself, but for Europe and for herself? Napoleon, the world conqueror, had to bow his head before the English power, in the battle of Waterloo, and with his mind, the extreme imperialism. How would it be today if he had won the battle, and especially for us, the ordinary people? Could we have and live for our ideals? We would be just subjects to live for the rulers without a personality and life would not be worth living. In the last world war, 1914-18, was England with her daughter, Canada, there again to fight for liberty to destroy imperialism and militarism? What luck for us that she got the victory again! It was that life upon life, but a price like this would have its sacrifice, and we have the duty to honor this sacrifice—it is paid by our blood!

Shall we analyze the question why King and Country had all these victories? The answer is one word: Unity! King and Country were together at the same table, had the same ideals and fought for the same motive as one man. And I hope that it will be for ever and ever.

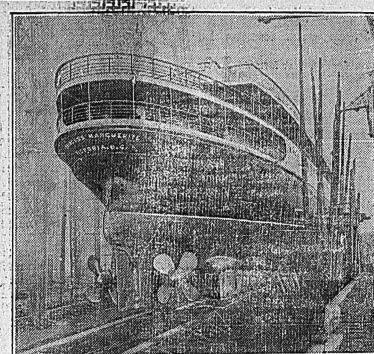
Vivat, croquet, glory for King and Country, and now I ask you to rise and drink with me a toast to our King and Country.

THE HOG TRADE

Exceedingly good business has ruled in the hog trade at this point throughout the month of December.

For three weeks prior to Christmas \$35.00 was paid out. On Tuesday and Wednesday, December 23 and 24, a thousand hogs went out.

Prices have been good and the farmers are well satisfied.—Ponoka Herald.



JUST BEFORE LAUNCHING
The "Princess Margaret," built at Clydebank, with a sister ship, the "Princess Kathleen," for service between Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle, under the Canadian Pacific flag. The new vessels, of 6,000 tons, were specially designed for service on the British Columbia coast and, being capable of maintaining a speed of 22½ knots, will considerably reduce the time between the mainland and Canada's western playground—Vancouver Island.

CHICKEN ROUP AND
KINDRED AILMENTS

Roup in its beginning simulates very closely a common cold, but is more sudden of onset, produces greater disturbances in the subject, is prolonged in its course and brings serious consequences.

The mucous membranes of the upper air passages, nostrils, sinuses of the head or eye show evidence of irritation by a discharge, which is at first watery and is accompanied by sneezing, coughing and shaking of the head. Cold or catarrh seldom presents more symptoms than these.

On the other hand, roup passes from these symptoms to those of greater severity. The discharge becomes denser and more viscid in consistency, sticking the eyelids together, filling the sinuses and blocking the nasal passages. Attempts to clear the eye by wiping the head against the backleaves the feathers of the wet and sticky condition. Once the lids are closed, the discharge becomes cheesy in consistency, a singular change taking place in the sinuses and nostrils. The features become greatly distorted through swelling.

A similar process may take place in the windpipe, lungs, or abdominal air sacs.

Cankerous areas may form in the mouth which are usually covered by a tenacious yellowish colored false membrane. The larynx may likewise be the seat of these lesions, the membrane occluding the passage, and a fatal termination resulting through asphyxiation.

As a general rule the subject shows considerable systemic disturbances. The affected bird usually isolates itself, becomes listless, takes food sparingly, or not at all; the feathers become ruffled, and the egg-yell diminishes or ceases entirely. Diarrhoea appears in which the feces are of a greenish-yellow color.

Colds seemingly are due to unhygienic environment, and the undesirable condition that is responsible should be sought out and remedied. Colds frequently are brought about by the combination of two or more factors working together, such as dampness followed by a sudden drop in temperature.

Dusty litter, and especially when the dust is due to accumulated poultry vermin, is another fruitful cause of irritation likely to result in colds.

Actual causes of colds are exciting causes of roup since derangement of the membranes open up avenues of infection to the actual microbial cause of the latter. It is, therefore, important, that the first consideration should be directed towards the practice of good hygiene. The patients must be made comfortable. Draughts, dampness, dust or chill must be corrected or avoided. Birds showing severe illness should be removed from the rest of the flock and kept isolated until recovery has taken place.

A purgative is indicated (one half to one pound of Epsom Salts per hundred birds) in order to equalize the circulation (thus relieving congestion), and to clear the gut of effete materials.

The administration of drugs to the alimentary tract by means of the drinking water is of questionable value, and may do actual harm by deranging digestion. Sick birds are likely to take a smaller quantity of such fluids when the consumption of large quantities of water is most desired.

Local medication can be highly recommended and should be applied to all birds in the flock whether or not they are showing evidence of disease or otherwise. The substance used should be non-irritating and of known

W. C. T. U.

Our Dominion president, Mrs. Wright, in her monthly letter to the "White Ribbon Tidelings," stresses scientific temperance instruction in the public schools, more prominence to temperance teaching in Sunday schools, and the enlistment of children everywhere in Loyal Temperance Leagues as the most effective measure towards our distinctive prohibition platform.

Can we realize that the forces of evil everywhere even in the school and the public school, more prominence to temperance teaching in Sunday schools, and the enlistment of children everywhere in Loyal Temperance Leagues as the most effective measure towards our distinctive prohibition platform.

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Provincial Weekly News Bulletin

Preliminary Estimate Agriculture
Production

The preliminary estimate of the provincial department of agriculture on the total value of agricultural products including all branches of the industry, for the year 1924, is placed at \$226,445,557.70 as compared with the total in 1923 of \$223,514,341.00. This estimate is subject to revision as later returns are received and revisions in details made. Though the general production in field crops was much less than last year the prices received were so much higher as to bring the total value up. The preliminary estimate of wheat production is placed in round figures at \$2,700,000 bushels but this may be revised later as returns are received. There has been an increase in dairy products, but a decrease in selling value, so that the total value of all dairy products remains much the same as in the previous year.

Growth in Dairy Industry

The total amount of creamery butter manufactured in the creameries of Alberta during 1924 amounts practically to 21,500,000 pounds as compared with 17,800,000 pounds last year. There are now 57 creameries operating compared with 75 the previous year. The total amount of butter graded for export is over 4,100,000 pounds, compared with just over 2,000,000 pounds in 1923. All of this butter is sold outside of Canada, chiefly in Great Britain and the Orient. There has been a steady increase in the quality of both cream and butter as a result of the cream grading system.

Big Paganet for Calgary

A historic paganet of unequalled proportions is being planned by the Calgary Exhibition Board to be held in Calgary this year in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the establishment of the city by the mounted police in 1875.

More Cattle for Japan

A shipment of 200 head of Alberta beef cattle will shortly be made from this province in the name of a large Japanese firm which has interested itself in the importation of beef from Alberta ranges.

This is the first large shipment to result from the reduced rate of \$37.50 per head obtained by the provincial department of agriculture, following negotiations and test shipments. Another Japanese firm is negotiating for

ocean space for a similar shipment in the near future. This indicates the beginning of a steady trade with Japan in beef cattle.

Provincial Seed Fair

The annual Alberta seed fair will take place in Calgary January 20 to 23.

100,000 Saw Alberta Pictures

According to advice received from Ottawa, the Canadian National Railways, the Alberta motion pictures compiled by the publicity branch and shown in the C.N.R. building at Wembley during the summer, were witnessed by upwards of 100,000 people. The copies of the films are now being used in Britain and on the continent for lecture purposes.

Learning About Alberta System

So widespread has been the interest shown in Alberta's system of grading cream and its results in improving the quality of cream and creamery butter, that several prominent conventions of dairymen have invited Dr. Marker, Alberta's dairy commissioner, to address them. During December, Dr. Marker addressed the American Association of Creamery Butter Manufacturers at Chicago, giving them in detail Alberta's system, and in February he is invited to attend the convention of the Washington State Creamery Operators who will meet in Seattle.

The Alberta dairy convention is to be held February 4, 5 and 6, and the Western Canada dairy convention to be held at Vancouver on February 10 to 13.

Wants to Leave Siberia

Forced to leave Siberia by the Soviet government as a result of opposing views, S. Balakshin, at one time head of the most famous co-operative movement in the world, namely the Union of Siberian Creamery Operators, and now residing in China, has written the publicity branch of the provincial government for information on farming in Alberta, expressing his desire to take up farming here.

Mr. Balakshin's daughter is studying agriculture at the Washington State Agricultural College, and the remainder of his family is now being educated in an English school in China. The co-operative association of which Mr. Balakshin was at one time head in Siberia, included 2100 butter manufacturers and 2300 co-operative stores. The Soviet government confiscated the property.

PROSPERITY IS
NOW IN SIGHT

Toronto Jan. 1.—Canada is verging upon an era of prosperity with the coming of 1925 and the pendulum is swinging toward more cheerful economic conditions in the opinion of many noted contributors to the annual financial and industrial review of the Toronto Globe, among whom are Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways; E. W. Bentley, K.C., president of the Canadian Pacific Railway; Sir Adam Beck, chairman of the Ontario Hydro Commission; Hon. T. L. Aulic, minister of trade and commerce; Hon. T. A. Crerar, president of the United Grain Growers' Limited; Sir J. Aird, president of the Canadian Bankers' Association and president of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; Hon. Peter Larkin, high commissioner for Canada in London; Hon. J. G. Macdonald, president of the Canadian Manufacturers' association; Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, premier of Ontario; Hon. Charles McCrear, minister of mines for Ontario; Hon. John Oliver, premier of British Columbia; Hon. H. Greenfield, premier of Alberta; and Hon. L. A. Tasscheran, premier of Quebec.

Reviewing events in the financial and commercial world of the past year the Globe financial editor, in an article headed "Seen from the Lookout" says that the improvement expected in 1924 did not fully materialize, but on the whole the year was one of constructive achievement, especially from the international standpoint. A splendid maintenance of export trade, particularly in agricultural products, and some diminution of imports has given the domestic market a most favorable trade balance which should be sufficient to meet its international obligations. Canada should take heart from the results of 1924 and may confidently expect some improvement during the ensuing 12 months.

"The whole trend of world events has been toward a settlement of political and economic problems that have long stood as obstacles to a genuine attainment of international peace," continues the article. "The operation of the Dawes plan, extension of international loans to Germany, France and Belgium, suppression of radical political elements in Britain and the United States, constitute a series of events which are certain to have far-reaching effects."

Business is good, according to the reports. The scarcity of money has caused no lack of trade, but the demand for quality and technical articles gives only a slight reminder of pre-war times. All automatic toys, mechanical, radio and electric, have had great success.

The German toy industry is facing a crisis due largely to the foreign tariffs, which prevent large exports and cause misery in Thuringian homes where the toys are made. But the German clings to his love of toys and there is not a child so poor that he cannot afford the rudiments for building a radio set.

Among the books sold, American publications almost lead the list. This season's best sellers in Germany show a trend away from politics and memoirs, always much studied here, toward books of adventure and travel.

The Tazian stories and books by Upton Sinclair and more recently by Jack London are virtually sold out. Several German publishers are issuing a series of translations from American authors, including Sinclair Lewis.

Through the streets wander good-natured Berliners satisfied with a release from gridding economic pressure and happy in the Christmas cheer to forget high taxes, politics, economic disputes and old animosities for a few days in the cheer of a world wide celebration proclaiming that it is good to be alive.

CHRISTMAS IN
BERLIN, GERMANY

(By Edgar Ansel Mowrer)

Berlin, Germany, Dec. 23.—Christmas seems to be more at home in Germany this year than recently. The preparations have been enormous, the entire country virtually having ceased work and surrendered itself to the Christmas spirit. The crowds in the big Berlin department stores rival those in New York and Chicago.

Even poverty is less visible, for the people have been saving desperately throughout the year. There is hardly a family, however poor, that does not spend a few marks on Christmas tannenbaum and tinsel.

In many this is a green Christmas. There is no snow and the temperature hovers around the freezing point. The impression of green is the greater because all over the city on the squares and avenues Christmas trees stand waiting for customers and pedestrians walk through avenues of green.

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Mothers especially like it for their children as it takes the place of internal medicine.

Local Druggists Have Modern Remedy for Colds

A Vaporizing Salve which is Rubbed Over Throat and Chest for Colds.

When Vicks VapoRub, the "external" method of treating sore throat, bronchitis, deep chest colds, or croup, is applied over throat or chest, the ingredients are released as vapors by the body heat.

These vapors, inhaled with each breath, carry the medication directly to the affected air passages, loosening the phlegm and relieving the congestion. At the same time Vicks acts as a counter-irritant, stimulating the skin, and thus helps the vapors inhaled to break up the inflammation.

Colds are usually relieved over night.

VICKS VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

19,000 LOST JOBS

DECEMBER FIRST

Ottawa, Dec. 29.—Nearly nineteen thousand persons in Canada lost their employment at the opening of the present month. Figures compiled by the dominion bureau of statistics show that 18,337 employees were released from the pay-rolls of the 5,890 firms reporting to the bureau. The index number of employment stood at 96.8 on December 1, as compared with 95.0 at the beginning of November, and with 95.7 on December 1, 1923. On the latter date, some 25,000 workers were let out by their employers, but the level of employment then was much higher.

You Can Always Rely Upon **Zam-Buk**

Because it ensures swift, clean, antiseptic healing in cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, etc.

Because it dispels irritation, allays pain and inflammation, reduces swellings, and kills the germs of festering and blood-poisoning.

Because it quickly grows new healthy skin where injury or disease has damaged or destroyed the tissues.

Because owing to its purely herbal origin Zam-Buk is safer than, and superior to, any fatty pore-clogging ointment or ointment containing crude mineral drugs.

For its wide range of usefulness and its instant healing power in skin ailments and injuries Zam-Buk is known as "a Surgery in a Two-inch Box."

All dealers. 50c. box. 3 for \$1.25.

Wanted
50,000 Lbs.
Of Hides

Highest Prices Paid
at the
Wetaskiwin Furniture Exchange

We buy, sell and trade
Furniture, Clothing and
Hardware
Licensed Fur and Hide
Buyers.

WETASKIWIN FURNITURE EXCHANGE
FOWLER BLOCK
Railway Street East

COMMUNICATION

(We do not necessarily endorse the sentiments advanced by this or any other correspondent under this heading.—Ed.)

In planning the number of sows to breed, or in other words, the pig crop, farmers are now looking ahead a year as the progeny of the sows bred now will be on the market next fall. It is, therefore, of great importance in the interests of a wise decision, that the situation as it exists at the moment of breeding should not be allowed too large a place in the factors considered. After all, what are the conditions likely to be next fall, and present conditions should only be considered to the extent that they indicate the future.

Undoubtedly the biggest single factor in the price of hog products on the world's markets is production in the United States. The hog population in the United States on January 1, 1921, is given as 66,097,000, in 1923 as 68,427,000, and in 1924, as 65,501,000. The pig survey of June, 1924, indicated that there would be a decrease of about 8,000,000. The United States has an immense consuming population but like every other country endeavors to export her surplus, which in 1923 amounted to 1,744,000, 000 lbs of pork products. The comparatively high price of grains this year caused the American farmer to put his hogs on the market, during the last few weeks in unprecedented numbers, the receipts on the Chicago market for Monday, December 15, being about 132,000 hogs. The first two weeks of December saw the biggest deliveries of hogs in the history of the United States. Too big a percentage of these hogs were light and unfinished, which means the farmer is liquidating his hogs. The effect is to decrease the total pounds of pork produced. During the first nine months of the year 372,000 more hogs were marketed in the United States, but about 114,000,000 less pounds of pork was produced than in the same period last year. Undoubtedly these conditions will have a big effect on the number of sows that will be bred this year for next year's market. Denmark and Ireland are also feeling the pressure of comparatively high priced feeds.

This situation is of immense interest and importance to Canadian farmers and packers. After carefully reviewing the whole situation Canadian packers feel that next year is going to be a "hog year". That is, they believe if producers will improve the quality and furnish to the packing houses their normal quota of hogs, properly managed hog production will be profitable to farmers. If farmers and packers pull together they should be able to make another considerable step in establishing our Canadian bacon on the British market.

Last year saw very low prices for grain and big hog production; this year a sudden jump in grain prices with consequent prospective reduction in breeding operations in the United States; high cost of production in countries like Ireland and Denmark, that have to import a considerable proportion of their feeds; and a slackening of breeding in western Canada. Packers strongly believe that this situation is one which should induce hog producers in Canada to breed their full number of sows and that an increase in production is perhaps a safer policy than it was last year when everybody was feeding cheap grains. Probably sows kept at breeders never were better provided.

It is not likely that the prices of grains will decline to what they were in 1923, but one can normally look for a recession in price in 1925 because it is likely that the grain and corn crops of the world will return to normal. For these reasons packers believe the Canadian farmer is well advised to maintain his production of hogs. But, with this, improvement in quality is vital.

The Industrial and Development Council of Canadian Meat Packers

THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

When the English tongue we speak Why is break not rhymed with freak Will you tell me why it's true We say saw but likewise faw And the same rhyme these reasons packers Cannot cap his horse with worse? Beard sounds not the same as heard, Cord is different from word; Cow is cow, but low is low, Shoe is never rhymed with foe. Think of hose and dose and lose And of goose and yet of choose. Think of comb and tomb and bomb, Bell and roll and home and some And since my pay is rhymed with say Why not paid with said, I pray? We have blood and food and good Mould is not pronounced like good Wherefore dose and gone and lone? Is there any reason known? And, in short, it seems to me, Sound and letters disagree.

SWINE CLUBS SUCCESSFUL YEAR



Group, left to right: W. E. Watson, Assistant Agricultural Agent C.N.R., Winnipeg, and E. A. Pelt, Commissioner Lands and Colonization Dept. Second row: Albert Jones and Peter Wilson, Vegreville, Alta. Front row: F. McQuarrie and N. Shumaker, Grandview, Man.; E. Luman and E. Neff, St. Louis, Sask.; photographed at Winnipeg on their way to Toronto. Lower photograph shows the championship cup and medals awarded winning teams.

"The Swine Clubs have had a most successful year, and we are pleased with the interest taken in our competition," stated officials of the Canadian National Agricultural Department. "Since the success of the Canadian swine industry depends on the development of a satisfactory export trade, it is imperative that the question of producing bacon hogs of high standard receive the support of every organization interested in the industry, and for this reason the railway has joined hands with other interests in establishing the industry on a sound and satisfactory basis."

Since the inauguration of Boys' and Girls' Swine Clubs, remarkable progress has been made in the districts in which these clubs are in operation. It has meant in many instances, practically the entire elimination of undesirable types of hogs, and has meant a large increase in the production of the bacon type. There is no question that, if these clubs are encouraged and this policy pursued, it will have a distinct beneficial effect on the swine industry of Western Canada particularly. To further stimulate interest among boys and girls the Canadian National Railways have inaugurated the Bacon Hog Competition. While this is the first

POUND STERLING IS RISING RAPIDLY

London, Jan. 2.—Not since the world war ended, not even when Stanley Baldwin negotiated the funding of the British debt to the United States, has there been more newspaper discussion than now over the inter-related debts and the financial aftermath of the war.

The impression seems to be general that 1925 will prove to be a year of financial rehabilitation and settlement.

Two factors are responsible for this discussion: First, the outspoken article of former Ambassador George Harvey, in the Washington Post, on the position of Franco on the debt question, and, second, the rapid recovery of the pound sterling, and the consequent prospect of the restoration of the gold standard in England.

MORE ALBERTA BEEF IS GOING TO ORIENT

Following the original shipment of 68 head of beef cattle, sent from Alberta some time ago by the provincial government, arrangements are being made at the present time by Japanese firms to take further consignments of cattle from the province. Two hundred and sixty head of cattle are expected to leave Vancouver within a very short time, billed to a prominent firm in Japan. These cattle are finished export animals, which have been secured recently in the province and are of the same type as those sent over in the government shipment some time ago.

As an indication of the fact that the Oriental market is rapidly developing for this class of stock, a second Japanese firm is at present negotiating for shipping space for another large con-

THOUGHTS FOR THE NEW YEAR

(By Eric Muncester)

We have been suns, and we have lost our light; We have been flowers, and all our bloom is shed; Our cry is "Ichabod" for glory dead; The joy has gone of strong and pure delight.

Though we have struggled, manful, for the Right, Yet seem we baffled and uncomfortable, For each which once on gladsome errands sped Are slow and weary in our wills' desolate.

Loved ones have left us, and we doubt ask Wherefore and whither, and there seems no clue.

For us to thread the labyrinth of life: We wander as in darkness, and the task Grows always heavier, and the powers less true, And we are faltering in the desperate strife.

But yet there shall be music in our souls As dies the old, as dawns the new-born year, For we have seen the guiding star appear, And night's obscuring curtain backward rolls.

Behold! the writing on eternal scrolls Of everlasting meaning, serene, clear—"I will not leave you comfortless"—no fear.

No doubting lingers, when our God consoles. His word shall not be useless, void and vain, But as our days, so shall our manhood be;

Our effort is not wasted, tho' we tire. Then onward! upward! seek the heights again! Courage, faint heart! Be firm, thou to shile knee!

God's strength is thine so thou wilt but aspire!

Montreal, Jan. 3.—Nine lives were lost and three persons suffered serious injuries in two fires which broke out early this morning.



The Hostess French Organic Writing Paper. For Social Correspondence. The paper that's great for every use.

Representatives from each club in the respective provinces have gathered in Winnipeg, Saskatoon and Edmonton respectively for the final test in this competition, and, as a result, the six boys whose photographs are shown were successful in winning the trip to the Royal Agricultural Winter Fair at Toronto as guests of the Canadian National Railway.

The boys left Winnipeg on Monday, November 17th, for Toronto, where they had an opportunity of looking over the best that can be produced in all classes of live stock.

alignment of cattle which will go forward later in the month. The total number of cattle included in these two shipments is said to be well over 500 head. Alberta cattle men are very optimistic with regard to the Oriental market for cattle from the province, which is opening up in such promising proportions.

GET RID OF THE COUGH THAT STICKS

You Can Do This By Using **Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup**

Some colds and coughs seem hard to shake off; stick right to you in spite of everything you do to get rid of them, but cannot.

These are the kind that are dangerous; the kind that weaken the lungs; the kind that allow the germs of consumption to get a foothold in the system.

Many a life history might read differently, if, on the first appearance of a cough or cold, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup had been taken, as it contains all the lung healing virtues of the "Norway Pine Tree" with which is combined the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other excellent herbs and barks.

Mr. John E. Lulloff, Golden Lake, Ont., writes:—"Last year I had a cold, and a cough which seemed to stick on my chest. I tried different preparations, but they did not seem to help me any. I was advised, by a friend, to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and when I had taken a few doses I began to feel that it was doing me good, so I kept at it and inside of a week I was relieved of my trouble."

There is only one Norway Pine Syrup and that is "Dr. Wood's." Be sure and get the genuine. Put up only by The T. M. M. Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Edmonton Presbyterian congregation in the Presbyterian church at Fort Saskatchewan, Friday, January 2nd, for the purpose of inducting the Rev. C. E. A. Pocock into the pastoral charge of the congregations of Fort Saskatchewan and Patricia. — Mr. Pocock is a former popular Wetaskiwin pastor.

Miss Myrtle Larson was taken to the Wetaskiwin hospital on Monday morning and was operated upon the same afternoon for a tumor. The appendix was also removed. Miss Larson has suffered before at different times, but was not content to have an operation, but this time she became

so bad that there was nothing else for it but an operation. The latest report was that the patient was getting along as well as could be expected, as the operation was a serious one.—Strome Despatch.

GAS ON STOMACH MAY CAUSE APPENDICITIS

Constant gas causes inflammation which may involve the appendix. Simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adierka, helps any case on stomach in TEN minutes. Most medicines act only on lower bowel but Adierka acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel and removes all gas and poisons. Excellent for obstinate constipation and to guard against appendicitis. Northern Drug Co. Ltd.

Auction Sale Every Saturday

We have a very large stock of Plain and Fancy Dishes, Furniture of All Kinds Lamps, Blankets, Suit Cases, Club Bags Oil Cloths, Etc. Etc.

and have decided to hold a sale every Saturday Afternoon, from 2.30 to 5 o'clock

Mr. Lezack is a very careful and shrewd buyer, and the people of Wetaskiwin and district will be given the benefit of his experience. The goods are all first class and will be sold in many cases at less than cost.

Come to these Auction Sales and share in the bargains. Remember the place

Lezack's Furniture Exchange

Next Telephone Bldg. Pearce St. West

USED CARS AND TRACTORS

McLaughlin, Overland, Ford and Dort

Second-hand Cars — Cheap for Cash

Used Fordson Tractors

Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Pumping Engines

MARCONI RADIODPHONES

N. W. FEAD

Phone 40

Lansdowne St.

A Great Teacher

ADVERTISING conducts a public school. Its pupils are all the readers of the home paper — in short, the whole buying community.

ADVERTISING teaches that loyalty to the home merchant brings real returns in better service and better values. It's a lesson that requires the repetition afforded by the weekly arrival in the home of THE WETASKIWIN TIMES.

You can teach the public to rely on your Advertisements as safe guides to economy and satisfaction in shopping. Moreover, people appreciate being asked for their patronage. To them

"An Advertisement Is An Invitation"

"You cannot sell the goods unless the public knows you have them!"

PARKER'S WEEK END SPECIALS

Fresh White Fish, each 15c
 Finnan Haddie, per lb 25c
 Brookfield Pork Sausage, per carton 35c
 Sliced Liver, per lb 10c
 Raspberry and Strawberry Jam, Special 80c
 Burdick's Marmalade Special 55c
 Prunes, 5 lb package Special 55c
 Corn Flakes, Special, 2 for 25c
 Palmolive Soap 3 bars for 25c
 Jap Oranges, Special per box \$1.10

ROYAL MARKET

A pitiful story is told in the Methodist clip sheet of January 1, sent in by the superintendent of the Methodist hospital at Hafford, Sask. Recently, a woman, 29 years of age, carrying her fourteenth child in her arms, came to the hospital to see if anything could be done to save her sick baby. Her husband would not take her to see the doctor so she walked most of the way. She had already lost thirteen children. They had been born without medical attention and died without medical attention.



General Change
 in
Train Service
 Effective SUNDAY
 January 11, 1925

Times for Trains at Wetaskiwin will be:

Northbound	Southbound
521 Lv 6:30am Daily 526 Lv 1:20pm	525 Lv 9:41pm Daily 522 Lv 8:28am
523 Lv 1:20pm Daily 524 Lv 2:00pm	Ex. Sunday
51 Lv 5:58am Daily 52 Ar 11:30pm	527 Lv 10:28am Daily 528 Ar 7:45pm
Ex. Sunday	Ex. Sunday
Eastbound	Westbound
51 Ar 5:20am Daily 52 Lv 11:30pm	527 Ar 10:20am Daily 528 Lv 7:50pm
Ex. Sunday	Ex. Sunday

For further particulars apply to any Ticket Agent.

J. E. PROCTOR,
 District Passenger Agent,
 42-21n Calgary

COAL

Prices from
\$5.00 a ton up

Burn Newcastle, Drumheller's best, it is the cheapest.
 We also carry the best Northern grades

LUMBER
 Full line of Building Material always on hand.

Revelstoke Sawmill Company, Ltd.

MONTGOMERY BROS.

LIMITED

THE STAR STORE JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

STARTS SATURDAY 10th
 ENDS SATURDAY, 24th

SEE LARGE POSTERS FOR
 PRICES

CHURCH CHIMES

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
 Rev. A. L. Elliott, M.A., B.D., Minister
 Sunday, Jan. 11.—
 11 a.m.—"The Virtue of Forgiving."
 2:30 p.m.—Sunday school.
 7:30 p.m.—"The Prophecy of Jesus"
 10 a.m.—Tutor Boys Bible Class.

IMMANUEL CHURCH
 Sunday, Jan. 11.—
 11 a.m.—Holy Communion.
 7:30 p.m.—Evening service and sermon.
 10 a.m.—Senior Bible Class
 2:30 p.m.—Sunday school.

SALVATION ARMY
 On Saturday and Sunday, January 11 and 12, we are having with us Major Gosling and Envoy Battick of Edmonton. We extend to all a hearty invitation to these meetings.
 Sunday—Holiness meeting, 11 a.m.
 Sunday school, 3 p.m.
 Salvation meeting, 7:30 p.m.
 Capt. Barker and Lieut. Poole.

SCANDINAVIAN BAPTIST
 Rev. P. M. Meyer, Minister
 Sunday, Jan. 11.—
 Wetaskiwin—Sunday school, 11 a.m.
 Service, 3 p.m.
 Service, 2 p.m., at Nygrena's, 2 miles north of Gwynne.
 During next week prayer meetings will be held at Nashville and New Sweden every night except Saturday.
 Prayer meeting in Wetaskiwin on Friday night.
 For all these services we are promised help from Rev. Larson, who is in this week moving to Wetaskiwin to take care of the Bible school.

METHODIST CHURCH
 Sunday, Jan. 11.—
 The pastor, Rev. W. H. Irwin will be in charge.
 11 a.m.—"Self Control."
 2:30 p.m.—Sunday school and adult Bible class.
 7:30 p.m.—Special subject: "The Price of Redemption." In this sermon the story will be told of the beginnings of religion in Western Ontario. No son of Old Ontario should miss it.
 On each Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock a service of song and praise will be held in the church. Bring your song books and come along for a good hearty sing.

SPECIAL REVIVAL MEETINGS
 The "Bride of Christ" will be the message of Evangelist Fred Willis, of the Pacific Coast, at special meetings to be held every night, commencing Sunday, January 11th, in the U.F.A. hall at 7:30 p.m.
 Come and hear this man, who was once an atheist, tell the old story of the love of Jesus. You will enjoy his message and also the special singing and music. Come and bring a friend.

\$10,000.00 Cash Prizes

Some reader of the Family Herald and Weekly Star will be the lucky winner of a prize of five thousand dollars and scores of others will receive cash awards ranging in value from \$250.00 to five dollars in an interesting contest now being conducted by that popular weekly. We hear that each subscriber whose subscription is received in time will be given a free entry to the contest as well as a beautiful art calendar and picture. The Family Herald and Weekly Star by itself is worth many times the subscription price of Two Dollars, and with these extra inducements, the rush of orders should break all records. The publishers are warning their old readers to renew early and thus avoid confusion and delay. On its merits the Family Herald is a great paper greatly appreciated.

DISCOVERS A CURE FOR TUBERCULOSIS

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Sanoreyline, an inorganic salt of gold, which has been developed by Professor Holger Meclgard, Danish scientist, as a cure for tuberculosis, received an unqualified endorsement from Dr. Peter Clemensen, Chicago surgeon, in his first report to the Chicago health department. Dr. Clemensen was sent to Copenhagen to examine the possibilities of the new specific after announcement of its discovery was made at the health officers' convention in Columbus, Ohio, last October.
 "My impressions so far, are that the thing is all that is claimed for it and then some," Dr. Clemensen wrote. "You need have no fear about its being genuine. It is bona fide, scientific and good."
 "It cannot be used on advanced tuberculosis, where the lungs are almost gone and the patient is weak—it will not reproduce tissue, but it absolutely cures the beginning of tuberculosis where there is no spirochetes or syphilis as complications."

Pay up your subscription now!

WEDDINGS

ANDERSON—GOODHAND
 A quiet wedding was solemnized at the Presbyterian Manse, Wetaskiwin, on Monday, January 6th, at 1 p.m., when Jeanette Adeline Goodhand, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Goodhand of Yorkford became the bride of William James Anderson, also of Yorkford.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. L. Elliott in the presence of the bride's mother, sister and Mr. I. Shiell. The happy young couple left on the afternoon train for British Columbia where they expect to establish their new home.

NELSON—PHILLIPS
 On the morning of Wednesday, December 31, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phillips, of the West Liberty district was the scene of a quiet and pretty wedding, when their eldest daughter, Irene Cordella, was united in marriage to Martin Nelson, also a resident of the West Liberty district. At 10:30 a.m. the bride, charmingly attired in a gown of flesh pink satin trimmed with radium lace and wearing a veil and wreath of orange blossoms, entered the drawing room on the arm of her father to the strains of the wedding march, played by her sister, Doris. The bride's only adornment was a string of pearls. The ceremony was solemnized by the Rev. Percy Johnston, of Millet.

After the ceremony and the signing of the register, a sumptuous breakfast was served. The table, which was centered with a three-tiered wedding cake, was decorated with pink and white streamers and bells. Many beautiful and costly gifts were received by the happy young couple, who left on the noon train for Calgary, where the honeymoon will be spent. Upon the return of the young couple a reception will be given in the West Liberty school by the parents of the bride.

CURLING SCHEDULE

Thursday, Jan. 8—
 James vs Wright
 Roulstone vs Murray
 Poopes vs Herie
 A. A. Ellis vs Smee
 Hanson vs Orr
 Friday, Jan. 9—
 Richards vs Prest
 Kiratlen vs Wright
 Somers vs Taylor
 Graham vs Maggs
 J. P. Ellis vs French
 Monday, Jan. 12—
 James vs Murray
 Roulstone vs Prest
 Poopes vs Smee
 A. A. Ellis vs McMurdo
 Hanson vs Wells
 Tuesday, Jan. 13—
 Richards vs Kiratlen
 Herie vs Somers
 A. A. Ellis vs Taylor
 James vs French
 Graham vs J. P. Ellis
 Wednesday, Jan. 14—
 Wright vs Murray
 Roulstone vs James
 Poopes vs McMurdo
 Smee vs Taylor
 Orr vs Wells
 Thursday, Jan. 15—
 Murray vs Kiratlen
 Herie vs McMurdo
 A. A. Ellis vs Somers
 Hanson vs Maggs
 Graham vs French
 Friday, Jan. 16—
 Richards vs Wright
 Prest vs James
 Herie vs Taylor
 Hanson vs J. P. Ellis
 Orr vs French
 Monday, Jan. 19—
 Roulstone vs Kiratlen
 Prest vs Wright
 Richards vs James
 Poopes vs Somers
 Graham vs Wells
 Tuesday, Jan. 20—
 Smee vs McMurdo
 Maggs vs Wells
 Orr vs J. P. Ellis
 There must be two members of a rink on hand, otherwise the game goes by default.
 Please turn in your score cards.

Attention is directed to the change of time table on the C.P.R. Several changes have been made, the most important one being that the evening train will not arrive until 9:41 instead of 7:45. See the advertisement elsewhere.

Messrs. H. J. and W. F. H. Montgomery received word Wednesday morning that their aunt, Mrs. G. W. West, of Innisfail, had passed away. She was a sister of the late Mrs. John West, of Wetaskiwin. The funeral takes place on Friday.

CORRECTION
 An unfortunate error was made in the advt. of the Wetaskiwin Garage last week, where it referred to "the year 1923 going down into history." This should have read 1924. Mr. Ness is one of the energetic garage men of the city, and is certainly not a year behind the times.

Red Door, Jan. 2.—Ever since 1913 past and present students of the Red Door high school have held an annual reunion around Christmas time. This annual function took place on Monday at the school assembly hall, and was about as successful as any yet held, about seventy being present.

TOWN TOPICS

Mrs. W. Hogan spent the New Year the guest of Mrs. H. O'Brien, at Killam.

Oliver Roulstone left Monday on a business trip to Winnipeg and other places in the east.

Johnson & Johnson are shipping another lot of eight cars of hogs to the eastern market this week.

Gordon C. French and Bert Groves returned to their studies at the University Sunday evening.

The Peace Hill Chapter, I.O.D.E. intend giving a Valentine dance on the evening of February 13th.

The Norwegian Ladies' Aid will hold their annual meeting at the Gallekoon home on January 9th. All members are requested to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. David Hoyle and family left Monday morning for near Winnipeg, where Mr. Hoyle is teaching.

Miss Catherine Schreffels returned Wednesday after spending a week visiting at the home of Mrs. F. J. Blacklock, of Edmonton.

The Women's Institute are giving a card party in their club rooms on Friday, the 10th inst. You are cordially invited to attend.

The regular meeting of the I.O.D.E. will be held at the home of Mrs. F. Childy on Tuesday evening, January 13th, at eight o'clock.

G. E. D. H. Wilkins and Miss Wynne were visiting Mrs. R. C. Emery in Edmonton during the past week.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church will meet at the home of Mrs. Burkholder on Wednesday afternoon, January 14, at 3:30.

The Catholic Women's League will hold their regular meeting at the home of Mrs. P. J. Heaney on Sunday evening at eight o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. McCullough of Calgary, who have been visiting the latter's father, J. S. Watson, and other relatives and friends here, left for home Monday afternoon.

Mrs. W. H. MacDonald, of Calgary, who was spending the holidays visiting her daughter, Mrs. N. A. MacEachern, returned to her home on Monday.

Mrs. T. B. Stevenson and daughter Margaret returned home the end of the week from Calgary, where they spent the holidays with relatives and friends.

The annual meeting of the Swedish Lutheran Ladies' Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. L. D. Hanna on Wednesday afternoon next, January 14th.

A. G. Gross arrived in the city on Monday morning from Payallup, Wash. to look after business affairs and to renew the acquaintance of his many friends in the district. He expects to be here a couple of weeks.

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Banner Grocery

Phone 4

WALTER BAKER'S FAMOUS CHOCOLATE BARS AND COCOA SPECIALS THIS WEEK

Cocoa, half pound tins, 2 tins for 55c
 Cocoa, quarter pound tins, each 15c
 Baking Chocolate half pound 25c

Naphtha Soap 3 bars for 25c
 White Naphtha Soap 3 bars for 25c
 Toilet Soap, in fancy boxes, regular 50c 35c

6 only 12 inch Platters, reg. \$1.25, for 50c

Burdock's Marmalade, in 4lb pails 65c

HOW TO SAVE COAL AND ALSO MAINTAIN A HEALTHFUL HOME

If you live indoors most of the time and do not take proper precautions as to the condition of the air therein, your home may be designated as a miniature "Death Valley". In the average home which is heated artificially there is a great absence of moisture, which is absolutely necessary for health and a great conservator of coal. It has been demonstrated that living rooms heated by steam to a temperature of 72 degrees contain a relative humidity as low as 25 deg., which is as dry as Death Valley. There is a tendency to overheat as we feel chilly when there is a lack of humidity. This is due to the fact that dry atmosphere causes rapid evaporation upon the surface of our bodies and has a cooling effect. We may therefore feel as though we require more heat while the temperature of the room may be over 70. The human body is therefore a very unreliable instrument to depend upon for judging such subtle things as the temperature of rooms, and a reliable thermometer should be in every home. It is the house feeling guide and is to the coal conservator what the speedometer is to the autoist. If we can evaporate enough water indoors to raise the humidity to 60 or 75 per cent, we may burn much less coal and reduce the temperature to 65. This would not only be more comfortable, but more healthful.—Ex.

BUSINESS LOCALS

***Why not burn Newcastle—Drumheller's best lump coal? We have a car on track the end of this week. Revelstoke Sawmill Co. Ltd. 1tn

***The Nashville local U.F.A. will hold a dance on January 12th in the Nashville school. The Belle orchestra in attendance. 2tn

A painful accident happened on Friday last to Louis Goukion, when he slipped from a straw stack and broke both bones of one of his limbs midway between the hip and the knee. After the accident he unhitched the team at the farm and intended to phone for assistance, but on account of the storm, changed his mind and hitched the team to the sleigh and drove to town.

Our Annual Appeal

A great many big bills come due in newspaper offices on the first of the year. For this reason it is customary to make a special request of subscribers to pay up their subscription arrears at this time of the year. We are very anxious to get all the subscriptions that we possibly can paid early in the new year. A great many have promptly renewed, and we appreciate their promptness. Others have overlooked the matter and are now in arrears for a year. Still others are several years in arrears. These arrears on a subscription list are always a trial to a publisher, who tries to meet his payroll, paper, ink, and other bills weekly and monthly. We request our subscribers to look at the label on the paper they are reading NOW. If in arrears we will very much appreciate a prompt remittance.

THE WETASKIWIN TIMES.

A Happy New Year

At the close of another year, we wish to extend to our Customers and Friends, our heartiest appreciation of the splendid patronage with which we were favored during 1924, and we hope that we may merit a continuance of your patronage.

We wish you to accept our Very Best Wishes

A HAPPY NEW YEAR

All Trade Coupons should be returned to the Store, not later than
 THURSDAY, JANUARY 15

THE U.F.A. STORE

Phone 32

Wetaskiwin